PART I

- 1. Dies stinks. Aside from his personality, upon which cemeral Collins did not comment, where is no good that can be said of Diem as a chief of government and administrator. He has no sense of the task sheed, no vestige of administrative ability. He shate his eyes to problems that confront him, refuses to make appointments that cry to be made. (His unwillingness to appoint a minister of the interior is popularly galling to Colling.) He goes over the beads of his own officials without consulting them. (He has ordered VMA forces without consulting his minister of defense or his chief of staff.) We cannot get along with people of ability and insists on having about his only like-educed men. Colling stated that in the five cenths of his acquaintance he knows of no single original constructive idea which has emanated from Diem. Colline does not see the situation quite as imminently black as Kly, but he is entirely despairing of any solution so long as Diam stays in office.
- 2. The pituation in South Vietness is entirely exertbable o Dien's failures. Dien's role has been privarily a role of imedica. When he has taken action or threatened to take action, it is the arong thing. Mitness his show-down with By Yien on the question of the "Grand Honde". This pleasure done was presipitately shut down two weeks before the lecal liew Year's colabrations, thus disappointing many persons and causing by View to less face. According to Calling there were many other and wiser methods by which the same result could have been achieved. Mitness a plan-less plan to assemit frontally the Birth Impen-controlled police headquarters in Saigon at 1:30 in the afternoon when one side and the rear of this building were protested and the front and other side guarded by a dozen strong points defended by machine gumbers. Witness his refusal to appoint a minister of the interior as a first step towards establishing some sert of security body. Witness his rowing with every intelligent member of his eshinet and evoking their resignations. This kind of man and this kind of action account for the present situation.

Ely is completely honest. He has contributed nothing to the deterioration of the situation. As to his switch from optimism to pessimism after his last trip to Peris, his pessimistic view emerged from his realization that the situation was further deteriorating and hot from instructions from the French Government.

- 3. If chang is to be averted, Dies must go. In the light of the above this would seem to need no elaboration, flowever, it is notoworthy that Collins feels that Diem is incomable himself of even taking those elementary actions which would result in the election of a provisional assembly. Dies has syoken of his willingness to have such elections and to abide by the decisions of such a provisional assembly, even if one decision were to oust Dien es chief of government. Colling gives the impression that Diem is se stock on high center that he cannot make decisions even in directions which are acceptable to him. Heamshile, the continuance of the Dien regime makes civil war almost inevitable. Colling hes not set a time of probable outbreak but feels it could be started at any time. Who will kick it off? His answer is either party may kick it off. The sects are increasingly rective, and the public mow feel that the Binh Tuyan control of the police function is intolerable. The march of events is simply at a point where something must be done.
- A successor covergement, either one established along lines of the Colling-Took pattern or along the lines of the Sec-Collins moted that next to his own it was the most acceptable solution he had heard of. He also, under questioning, agreed that the plan was almost cortainly Franch-inspired. The fact that the has Dai plan provided for "a high council", the matter of a meeting in Campes, the prospective role of Quet - all point to French influence. General Colline felt that the Sac Dai plan was in fact the French Fereign Office's ensurer to the Department's pointed questions of a week or so ago. On the question of what form of government would best suit South Vietnem, General Collins was vehement in his essertion that a republic was out of the question. The only form of government possible would have to be a constitutional monarchy. His attention was called to the role of hee Dai. Should Bee Dai return to Vietnes now? He, he said, he should not. Should he ever return? Yes, under the proper situation, and he should some back with his own wife, not somebody else's. He should live in the palace. He should give up running around. He should assume responsibility for the government. General Collins did not describe the correct situation, nor did he give an cetimate of the likeliheed of these particular referes occurring in San Dai's way of life. While Semeral Collins did may that Quat had no great fellowing, at no time did be develop the difficulties which Quat might encounter as a chief of government. My own guess is that in the light of his remarks about "no organized public opinion in Vietnam" he does not feel that a popular following is important to a Victorance government at this stage of the game.

5. Diem would be powerloss to effor the successor government notable difficulties. Collins seems to feel that Diem has me popular following except possibly in the merthern province of his origin. Yes, he and his brothers might make some trouble there. Ice, Diem might issue a white paper condemning the French and the US. Ice, he would give fuel to the Communists, but no matter what is done the Communists will find fuel. Diem is no public speaker and would probably retire to a memmatery after an initial flare-up.

6. The successor government would work because:

- a. There are competent men available for eabinet spots, i.e., Quat, De, Minh, Thomi, et als, and have all that is required of a following:
- b. The sects can be brought into line and their private armies integrated into the Vietnamese Army. General Collins noted that By Vien had an inclination to become respectable and in Collins' view would give up the police concession if urged by Nao Dai. The present plan for the disarming of the sect soldiers and the integration of 19,700 of them into the VMA has prospects of success. Cambies believes that the sects will accept it. Collins made no estimate but did not seem pessimistic:
- c. If this plan could be put into effect and the plan for the training of the new VMA implemented, in about a year the VMA will be able to maintain internal order. Until such time as the VMA assumes this function, the ICC and the FEC are the essential organs preserving internal order.

Herewith some short comments paripheral to Collins' general theses. The French would probably be willing to see an indefinite partition of the country. The French almost certainly continue to think of South Vietnam in colonial terms. Ely from the beginning has consistently opposed any solution to the Fouth Vietnam situation that would make the chief of government a French stoogs. Indeed, he has been insistent that the leader cannot be a colonialist.